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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/670,836	09/25/2003	Maximino Aguilar JR.	AUS920030791US1	8258
40412 7590 04/09/2007 IBM CORPORATION- AUSTIN (JVL) C/O VAN LEEUWEN & VAN LEEUWEN PO BOX 90609 AUSTIN, TX 78709-0609			EXAMINER INGBERG, TODD D	
			ART UNIT 2193	PAPER NUMBER
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		04/09/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/670,836

Applicant(s)

AGUILAR ET AL.

Examiner

Todd Ingberg

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 November 2005.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-30 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 25 September 2003 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☒ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>9/03, 11/05, 5/06, 8/06</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1 – 30 have been examined.

Drawings

1. It appears to no fault of Applicant the drawings are objected to because the drawings were scanned into the system out of alignment. Examiner requests the Applicant resubmit the drawings.

Information Disclosure Statement

2. The Information Disclosure Statements filed September 25, 2003, November 11, 2005, May 16, 2006 and August 15, 2006 have been considered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims 4, 9, 14, 19, 24 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Examiner requests Applicant read over the claim wording. It appears the claims might be a translation from a foreign language. Please, amend any awkward wording. Thank You.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

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having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 1 – 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over USPN# 5490,278 Mochizuki (Moch) in view of USPN # 5,887,186 Nakanishi (Nak).

Claim 1

Moch teaches a computer-implemented method for processing software code (Moch, Abstract, processing with back-substitution), said method comprising: receiving, at a second processor (Moch, Abstract, multiprocessor), a code processing request requested by a first processor (Moch, Abstract, multiprocessor), wherein the first and second processors are heterogeneous processors within a computer system that share a common memory (Moch, Figure 1, #1); writing software code data corresponding to the request to a local memory corresponding to the second processor in response to the request; and processing the software code data by the second processor (Nak, Abstract, Rearrange and transfer). Moch teaches a multiprocessor environment and Nak teaches rearranging the memory and transferring data. therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine Moch and Nak because the ability to perform substitution process in parallel in each process makes computing more efficient.

Claim 2

The method as described in claim 1 further comprising: prior to the receiving: reading script code from the common memory; writing the script code to a local memory corresponding to the first processor; interpreting, at the first processor, the script code, the interpreting resulting in the software code; and writing the software code to the second processor's local memory. As per claim (Nak).

Claim 3

The method as described in claim 1 further comprising: writing data resulting from the executing to the common memory. As per claim 1.

Claim 4

The method as described in claim 1 further comprising: prior to the receiving: running a first program, during the running of the first program, identifying a call to the software code; and loading the software code into the common memory, wherein the processing of the software code is occurs simultaneously to the running of the first program and wherein the processing is completed prior to the call of the software code from the first program. As per claim 1 and Figure 23, #243.

Claim 5

The method as described in claim 4 further comprising: performing a multimedia effect resulting from the processing of the software code, the performance performed by the second processor. As per claim 1.

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Claim 6

The method as described in claim 4 further comprising: receiving, at the first processor, executable instructions resulting from the processing performed by the second processor, wherein the executable instructions are adapted to perform a multimedia effect; and performing the multimedia effect on the first processor by executing the received executable instructions. As per claim 1.

Claim 7

The method as described in claim 1 further comprising: loading, at the second processor, a virtual machine program into the second processor's local memory; reading, from the common memory shared by the first and second processors, the software code data that includes virtual machine code adapted to be processed by the virtual machine program; processing the virtual machine code at the second processor using the virtual machine program, the processing resulting in executable instructions; writing the executable instructions to a memory location accessible by the first processor using a DMA operation; and executing, at the first processor, the executable instructions. AS per claim 1.

Claim 8

The method as described in claim 7 wherein the memory location is selected from the group consisting of a local memory corresponding to the first processor, and the common memory. As per claim 1.

Claim 9

The method as described in claim 7 wherein the first and second processors are unlike processors with different instruction set architectures and wherein the executable instructions are adapted to be executed on the first processor and not the second processor. As per claim 1.

Claim 10

The method as described in claim 1 wherein the processing results in one or more program instructions adapted to be performed by the first processor, the method further comprising: writing the program instructions to the common memory; notifying the first processor that the program instructions have been written; and executing the program instructions by the first processor. As per claim 1.

Claim 11

An information handling system comprising: a plurality of heterogeneous processors; a common memory shared by the plurality of heterogeneous processors; a first processor selected from the plurality of processors that sends a code processing request to a second processor, the second processor also being selected from the plurality of processors; a local memory corresponding to the second processor; a DMA controller associated with the second processor, the DMA controller adapted to transfer data between the common memory and the second processor's local memory; and a processing tool for processing software code, the processing tool including software effective to: receive, at a second processor, the code processing request requested by the

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first processor; write software code data corresponding to the request to the second processor's local memory in response to the request; and process the software code data by the second processor. As per claims 1 and 7.

Claim 12

The information handling system as described in claim 11 further comprising software code effective to: prior to the reception of the request: read script code from the common memory; write the script code to a local memory corresponding to the first processor; interpret, at the first processor, the script code, the interpreting resulting in the software code; and write the software code to the second processor's local memory. As per claim 2.

Claim 13

The information handling system as described in claim 11 further comprising software code effective to: write data resulting from the executing to the common memory. As per claim 3.

Claim 14

The information handling system as described in claim 11 further comprising software code effective to: prior to the reception of the request: run a first program, during the running of the first program, identify a call to the software code; and load the software code into the common memory, wherein the processing of the software code is occurs simultaneously to the running of the first program and wherein the processing of the software code is completed prior to the call of the software code from the first program. As per claim 4.

Claim 15

The information handling system as described in claim 14 further comprising software code effective to: perform a multimedia effect resulting from the processing of the software code, the performance performed by the second processor. As per claim 5.

Claim 16

The information handling system as described in claim 14 further comprising software code effective to: receive, at the first processor, executable instructions resulting from the processing performed by the second processor, wherein the executable instructions are adapted to perform a multimedia effect; and perform the multimedia effect on the first processor by executing the received executable instructions. As per claim 6.

Claim 17

The information handling system as described in claim 11 further comprising software code effective to: load, at the second processor, a virtual machine program into the second processor's local memory; read, from the common memory shared by the first and second processors, the software code data that includes virtual machine code adapted to be processed by the virtual machine program; process the virtual machine code at the second processor using the virtual machine program, the processing resulting in executable instructions; write, using a DMA operation, the

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executable instructions to a memory location accessible by the first processor; and execute, at the first processor, the executable instructions. As per claim 7.

Claim 18

The information handling system as described in claim 17 wherein the memory location is selected from the group consisting of a local memory corresponding to the first processor, and the common memory. As per claim 8.

Claim 19

The information handling system as described in claim 17 wherein the first and second processors are dislike processors with different instruction set architectures and wherein the executable instructions are adapted to be executed on the first processor and not the second processor. As per claim 9.

Claim 20

The information handling system as described in claim 11 wherein the process results in one or more program instructions adapted to be performed by the first processor, the information handling system further comprising software code effective to: write the program instructions to the common memory; notify the first processor that the program instructions have been written; and execute the program instructions by the first processor. As per claim 10.

Claim 21

A computer program product stored on a computer operable media for processing software code, said computer program product comprising:
means for receiving, at a second processor, a code processing request requested by a first processor, wherein the first and second processors are heterogeneous processors within a computer system that share a common memory;
means for writing software code data corresponding to the request to a local memory corresponding to the second processor in response to the request; and
means for processing the software code data by the second processor. As per claim 1.

Claim 22

The computer program product as described in claim 21 further comprising:
prior to the means for receiving:

means for reading script code from the common memory; means for writing the script code to a local memory corresponding to the first processor; means for interpreting, at the first processor, the script code, the interpreting resulting in the software code; and means for writing the software code to the second processor's local memory. As per claim 2.

Claim 23

The computer program product as described in claim 21 further comprising:
means for writing data resulting from the executing to the common memory.
As per claim 3.

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Claim 24

The computer program product as described in claim 21 further comprising:

prior to the means for receiving:

means for running a first program, during the running of the first program, identifying a call to the software code; and

means for loading the software code into the common memory, wherein the processing of the software code is occurs simultaneously to the running of the first program and wherein the processing is completed prior to the call of the software code from the first program.

As per claim 4.

Claim 25

The computer program product as described in claim 24 further comprising:

means for performing a multimedia effect resulting from the processing of the software code, the performance performed by the second processor. As per claim 5.

Claim 26

The computer program product as described in claim 24 further comprising:

means for receiving, at the first processor, executable instructions resulting from the processing performed by the second processor, wherein the executable instructions are adapted to perform a multimedia effect; and means for performing the multimedia effect on the first processor by executing the received executable instructions. As per claim 6.

Claim 27

The computer program product as described in claim 21 further comprising:

means for loading, a the second processor, a virtual machine program into the second processor's local memory; means for reading, from the common memory shared by the first and second processors, the software code data that includes virtual machine code adapted to be processed by the virtual machine program; means for processing the virtual machine code at the second processor using the virtual machine program, the processing resulting in executable instructions; means for writing the executable instructions to a memory location accessible by the first processor using a DMA operation; and means for executing, at the first processor, the executable instructions. As per claim 7.

Claim 28

The computer program product as described in claim 27 wherein the memory location is selected from the group consisting of a-local memory corresponding to the first processor, and the common memory. As per claim 8.

Claim 29

The computer program product as described in claim 27 wherein the first and second processors are dislike processors with different instruction set architectures and wherein the executable instructions are adapted to be executed on the first processor and not the second processor. As per claim 9.

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Claim 30

The computer program product as described in claim 21 wherein the means for processing results in one or more program instructions adapted to be performed by the first processor, the computer program product further comprising:

means for writing the program instructions to the common memory;

means for notifying the first processor that the program instructions have been written; and

means for executing the program instructions by the first processor.

As per claim 10.

Correspondence Information

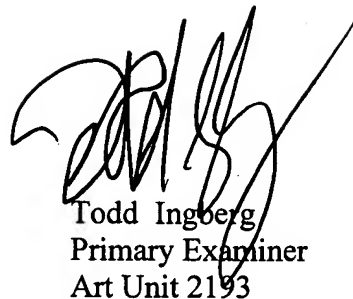
Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Todd Ingberg whose telephone number is (571) 272-3723. The examiner can normally be reached on during the work week..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kakali Chaki can be reached on (571) 272-3719. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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Todd Ingberg
Primary Examiner
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